DAILY ARKANSAS GAZETTE.

FIFTY-SEVENTH YEAR—NO. 193. LITTLE ROCK TUESDAY, JULY 4, 1876. PRICE FIVE CENTS

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Postmasters and others forming clubs, and acting as agents for the circulation of the GAZETTE, may receive ten per cent. of all subscriptions; and all single copies at club rates after the club is formed, the cash to accompany all orders.

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HOW TO SEND MONEY.

Remittances may be made by draft or money order at our risk. Subscribers may also risk and pay postoffice charges on registered letters and currency sent by mail.

Give postoffice address in full, stating State and county, and address W. E. Woodruff, Jr., Little Rock, Ark., to whom all communications on business or otherwise should be addressed.

The radicals of Louisiana met in convention on the 27th ult., all the elements of that mongrel party being represented. In noticing its session, the New Orleans Picayune says: "Four days have elapsed since it was called to order, and it has not come to order yet; the impression is growing that it never will."

We call attention to the communication, in another column, of our correspondent "Tax-Payer," in regard to the question of financial policy, now much under discussion. "Tax-Payer" represents us correctly, and goes to the very gist of the matter. Honesty is the best policy under a fair and honest government. Such a government and people we have, and hereafter will continue to have as earnestly hope.

The Texas papers announce that the track of the International and Great Northern Railroad has been completed to the town of Taylor, twenty-six miles west of Rockdale, and that that town is open for business. Taylor is situated on the old stage trail in Williamson county, near Flag Springs, 18 miles from Georgetown, 16 miles from Round Rock, 22 miles from Salado, and 32 miles from Belton. The road will be pushed on toward Belton.

State Finances.

EDITOR GAZETTE: I think there would be far less discussion among our citizens on the subject of the State finances—and far more agreement for that matter—if they understood each other better. All admit that no unjust debts should be paid either by states or individuals. It is simply a question of how to determine what may be just and what may be unjust. This is the real issue under all the discussion.

I understand the position of the GAZETTE to be: that the state should endeavor, satisfactorily, to compromise or scale all her outstanding indebtedness which may be justly determined to be valid. That issue may be easily and every dollar of it brought to that test. Now, let me calmly appeal to my fellow-citizens which should be most to the honor and credit of the state: to adopt that issue and stand squarely before the world as willing to submit to the impartial adjudication of disinterested tribunals; or, that our legislature should itself single out a portion of the debt, declare it invalid, or refuse to pay it? This state may do, arbitrarily, and no one has a right to say it nay. Or, she may refuse to submit her debt to adjudication and abide the result. Are the debtors generally justified in repudiating for themselves the whole or injustice of their debts and compelling their creditors to rest upon their decision? or, would the sentiment of the commercial world sustain our legislature in doing that? This is the real issue to be met, and it concerns the pride and well being of posterity. A mistake by our people would be very lamentable, and these remarks are submitted to their consideration by one who is himself a

TAX-PAYER.

JOHNSON COUNTY.

An Enthusiastic Ratification Meeting of the Democracy.

The democracy of Clarksville and vicinity met at the court-house on the evening of the 30th of June, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of Tilden and Hendricks. W. R. Harley was called to the chair and John H. Connelley appointed secretary.

Our town was brilliantly illuminated, and while our band in charge of Prof. Hughes and the anvils under the superintendence of Col. Rod McConnell were doing duty on the outside, our court-room was being filled with ladies and gentlemen. Addresses were delivered by Col. J. F. Cravens, Capt. J. W. May, R. S. McKennon, John G. Connelley, George Cunningham and W. W. Floyd.

On motion, the following were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we most heartily approve the action of our delegates in supporting Samuel J. Tilden for president and Thomas A. Hendricks for vice-president; that we cordially indorse the action of the St. Louis convention, and the platform there adopted.

Resolved, That reform is the watch-word, reform is the key-note, of this great centennial campaign, that will relieve the American people from oppression and wrong.

On motion, it was ordered that the secretary furnish the GAZETTE and Herald with copies of our proceedings, with request that they publish the same.

The meeting then adjourned until November 8, 1876.

W. R. HARLEY, Chairman.
JOHN G. CONNELLEY, Secretary.

"Then the Lord called Samuel; and he answered, 'Here am I.'"—1 Sam. iii, 4.—[Courier-Journal.

"And the Lord called yet again, Samuel. And Samuel arose and went to Eli and said 'Here am I, for thou didst call me.' And he answered, *'I called not, my son; lie down again.'*"—Sam. iii, 6.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

"And the Lord called Samuel again the third time, and he arose and went to Eli and said, 'Here am I, for thou didst call me.' *And Eli perceived that the Lord had called the child.*"—1 Sam. iii, 8.

"And the Lord said to Samuel, 'Behold I will do a thing in Israel at which both the ears of every one that heareth it shall tingle.'"—1 Sam. iii, 11.—[Courier-Journal.

Woman's Suffrage Association.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—A meeting of the American Woman's Suffrage Association was held this morning in Horticultural hall, to celebrate the hundredth anniversary of the establishment of woman's suffrage by the province of New Jersey. Addresses were made by Mrs. Lucy Stone, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, and others, who endeavored, by citing numerous examples, to show that women were as well calculated to hold positions of trust and intelligence as men. The constitution of the 4th of July 1776, of New Jersey, which continued in force until 1844, was referred to, under which women availed themselves of the suffrage of the polls, and pertinent remarks were made upon the subject.

International Typographical Union.

PHILADELPHIA, July 3.—The annual convention of the International Typographical Union, composed of representatives from the United States and Canada, convened today. The delegates were welcomed to the city by Mr. John W. Bailey, president of the Philadelphia union, in a few appropriate words. Mr. Reid, president of the union, then delivered an address, after which a committee on credentials was appointed, and invitations were received and accepted to visit places of public interest.

The committee appointed on the creation of the proposed monument to Horace Greeley reported that in conjunction with a committee of employing printers of New York city, they have been attending to the construction of the granite work of the base pedestal and coping of the monument. The stone work will be completed by the middle of next month, and the iron figure—a colossal bust—will be cast by the 1st of September, by Robert Wood & Co., of this city. The first proposition was to make it a type metal statue, but it would not stand exposure to the weather for any length of time. Several thousand pounds of old type received in 1872 will have to be put in the monument in some way. The total contributions thus far received toward the monument fund amounts to $5,253.71.

The committee appointed at the last convention to prepare a constitution for the government of subordinate unions presented a report, which was received and will come up for future consideration.

After the report of the committee on credentials had been received and several matters of minor importance attended to, the convention adjourned.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Proceedings of the First Session of the Forty-Fourth Congress.

SENATE.

MONDAY, July 3.

In discussing a motion to adjourn, Senator Conkling said it was the duty of congress to conclude the public business as speedily as possible, and adjourn this session of congress. He expressed the opinion that on Wednesday the difficulties arising out of the appropriation bills would be settled, and the senate would then be ready to go on with Belknap's trial. He hoped that when the hour for that trial arrived it would be proceeded with and finished. He did not object to adjournment over to-morrow, but he hoped the senate would remember on Wednesday.

The committee on military affairs reported adversely on house bill to revive the law and extend the time for filing claims for horses and equipments lost by officers and enlisted men in the service of the United States, and it was indefinitely postponed.

The report of the conference committee on the postoffice appropriation bill was considered, and it comes up for action Wednesday.

The resolution to pay Pinchback was discussed at great length, and without arriving at a result the senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

MONDAY, July 3.

The republicans filibustered all day to prevent the introduction of a bill to repeal the resumption act. The conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill was partially agreed to Saturday, and the house adjourned until June 4th.

THE EASTERN STRUGGLE.

An Animated Discussion in the British Parliament—The Thunderer's Views of the Conflict.

LONDON, July 3.—In the house of commons this evening, Disraeli, in reply to a question by the marquis of Huntingdon, concerning the reported declaration of war by Servia and Montenegro, said that direct information had been received from the seat of war that the negotiations between the porte and the insurgents had terminated. The papers would be presented to the house, and the discussion would be justified. He, however, could not present some of the documents without consulting the foreign government.

Mr. Parkes (liberal) attacked the government for its reticence and dwelt on the anxiety of the country in the matter. He moved an adjournment of the house.

Disraeli deprecated the discussion of the question without the official documents being before the house, upon the diplomatic gossip of the newspapers. He said the time had arrived for discussion, but only when the papers were before the house.

John Bright blamed Disraeli for not making a statement informing the country of his policy. He protested against a policy of war for the integrity of Turkey. He declared that the Crimean war was unjustly commenced, unfortunate in its progress, and ignominious in its end, and concluded by saying that the nation was neutrality.

Sir Henry Wolf (conservative) deprecated party discussion, and stated that he supported the course of the government. Views of that course were:

Mr. Fawcett (liberal) demanded to know the policy of the government.

The debate now became very animated, and the marquis of Huntingdon wished to disembitter it.

Mr. Disraeli for the government could not publish confidential correspondence without injuring the public service.

Mr. Perkins then withdrew his motion for an adjournment, and the subject was dropped.

The Times editorially says: "The princes of Servia and of Montenegro have entered upon a great enterprise, and must be allowed to fight it out. We do not mean to say that if their efforts prove successful as to cause a complete break-up of the union between the European provinces and Turkey, we should feel disposed to express our opinion as to the destination as to some one or two of them; but there are remote contingencies, the anticipation whereof would not justify our interfering to repress the princes now. We hope and believe that nobody in England dreams of such an interference. If the thought has been harbored anywhere it must be dissipated as soon as it assumes practical shape." The article concludes with a forecast of the result of the conflict highly unfavorable to Turkey.

Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—In the south Atlantic and gulf states, a rising or stationary barometer, and nearly stationary temperature, southwest to southeast winds, partly cloudy weather and occasional local rains will prevail, except a higher temperature in the former.

A Centennial Greeting.

MONTGOMERY, July 3.—The Fourth will be celebrated in a good style in this city. M. L. Moses, mayor of the city, sends the following to Gen. Hawley, president of the centennial commissioners, Philadelphia: "The people of Montgomery, the birthplace of the confederate government, through their city council, extend a cordial and fraternal greeting to all the people of the United States, with our earnest prayer for the perpetuation of concord and brotherly feeling throughout our land."

Indorses Tilden and Hendricks.

MONTICA, July 3.—Gov. Sam. Bard, editor of the Campaign Globe, after carefully considering the national platforms, has decided it to be his duty to the south, as well as to the whole country, to sustain Tilden and Hendricks, in his paper and on the stump. He boldly asserts that moderate southern republicans cannot object to the national democratic platform, as it indorses all the amendments to the constitution as the legitimate results of the war. The next issue of the Globe will come out strongly for the national democratic ticket.

FROM THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Upham Nominated for the Marshalship of the Western District of Arkansas.

Death of a Prominent Ex-Confederate Officer in the Khedive's Service—Postoffice Appropriation Bill.

Nominations and Confirmations.

WASHINGTON, July 3.

The president to-day nominated D. P. Upham as marshal of the western district of Arkansas, and the senate, in executive session, confirmed the following nominations: Richard McAlister, consul to Guayaquil, Ecuador; A. F. Rizard, naval officer for the district of New Orleans; Thomas Taylor, postmaster at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Southern Excursionists.

A large excursion party from Georgia and Alabama arrived here to-day, via the Midland road, under charge of W. D. Chipley, the southern agent of the line. After doing the public buildings, they were presented to the president by Hon. H. R. Harris, of Georgia. They have proceed to Philadelphia by a special train over the Baltimore and Ohio road.

Colored Men to Participate in the Tilden and Hendricks Ratification.

Senator Thurman will preside at the ratification meeting here Thursday. At a meeting of the Tilden and Hendricks Reform Campaign Club of this city this evening, a communication was received from a number of colored men, asking when they would be permitted to take part in the ratification meeting to be held next Thursday evening, whereupon the club unanimously adopted the following: "Resolved, that this club extend the hand of fellowship to all citizens of citizens who are willing to unite with them in the support of Tilden and Hendricks, and hereby cordially invite all to unite with them in the demonstration."

Death of Gen. Alex. W. Reynolds.

A letter from Alexandria, Egypt, dated May 27th, states that Gen. Alex. W. Reynolds died suddenly in that city on the day previous. Gen. Reynolds was a native of Virginia, and graduated at West Point in 1838. He served in the United States army until the beginning of the war, when he resigned and entered the confederate army, participating in many battles and attaining the rank of brigadier-general. Immediately after the termination of the conflict he went to Egypt and joined the khedive's army, of which, at the time of his death, he was adjutant-general.

The Postoffice Appropriation Bill.

The report of the committee of conference on the postoffice appropriation bill recommends the adoption of the following provisions: All third-class matter, except unsealed circulars, shall be transmitted at the rate of one cent for every two ounces or fractional part thereof, and one cent for each additional two ounces; and the sender may write his name thereon, or on the outside, preceded by the word "From," or may write briefly or may print on any package the number and name of the articles inclosed. Publishers of magazines, etc., may print thereon the time at which such subscriptions have been paid; and addressed upon postal cards and unsealed circulars may be printed, partial or affixed thereto, at the option of the sender. The section prohibiting the sale of envelopes and newspaper wrappers below actual cost, including clerk hire, legal postage, and all other expenses connected therewith, is retained without alteration. The committee recommend the following as a substitute for the section relating to inland transportation of the mails: "For inland transportation, viz.: for transportation on stage routes and other than railroad routes, $8,737,851; for transportation by railroads, $6,885,000; provided that the postmaster-general may, and he is hereby authorized and directed to readjust the compensation to be paid on and after July 1, 1876, for the transportation of mails on railroads, due regard during the compensation to all railroad companies for the transportation of mails to the per centum per annum of the rates fixed and allowed by the postoffice appropriation act of March 3, 1873, for the transportation of mails, on the basis of the average weight; and the president is authorized to appoint a commission of three skilled and competent persons to report rates for the future compensation for carrying mails, and report at the next session of congress such rules and rates as may in their opinion be deemed best and expedient to enable the postmaster-general to fulfill the required and necessary service, and $10,000 is appropriated to pay the expenses of the commission." The committee also recommends as a means of readjusting the salaries of postmasters the main provisions of the bill introduced in the house by Mr. Clark, of Missouri and reported by him from the postoffice committee in March last. This bill, with a few amendments, is incorporated in the report. The only amendments of any importance are the following: The readjusted salaries and compensation are to take effect on the 1st of October, 1876; the salary of any post-master shall exceed $4000 per annum, except in the city of New York, which salary shall remain as now fixed by law, and no salary of any post master where the appointment is by the president shall be increased by the compensation herein established, until the next readjustment, below the sum of $1000 per annum. The report recommends the appropriation for postmasters' for letter-carriers by fixing the amount at $19,000,000 and the items for compensation to post-masters is similarly compensated by fixing the amount at $7,000,000. The committee recommend that the house concur in the senate amendment increasing the amount for special agents from $140,000 to $150,000. The difference in the amount appropriated for the details for the postal service are generally compromised in the report by the substitution of a sum about midway between the figures at the two houses.

Louisiana Republican Ticket.

NEW ORLEANS, July 3.—The republican nominating convention is proceeding quietly, and adjourned until Wednesday after making the following nominations: Governor, S. B. Packard; lieutenant-governor, C. C. Antoine; superintendent of public education, V. O. Reeves.

HUGHES & NAULTY, WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS.

TO THE TRADE.

We have now in Store the Largest and Most Complete Assortment of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, OILS, PAINTS, WINDOW GLASS, Etc., in the City, which we have bought for CASH, and offer them as Low as can be Purchased in St. Louis or Elsewhere

We Guarantee the Absolute Purity of our Goods.

Our PRICE CURRENTS are Issued Monthly, which we will Send upon Application.

Inviting an Examination of our Stock before Purchasing Elsewhere, we are, etc.,

HUGHES & NAULTY.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, July 3.—Flour quiet and steady; superfine, $3.75@4; XX, $4.25@4.50; XXX, $4.50@5.25; choice family, $5.50@7.50. Corn weaker and firm; mixed, 63@63½; white, 63@63½. Oats quiet; 86. Louis, 34@35c. Corn-meal steady, at $2.40. Hay dull and lower; prime, $16. Pork firm; mess held at $22. Lard steady; jobbing, tierce 12¾c, keg 13¾c. Bulk meats, no shoulders. Green fruits at 1@1½c and 12½c. Whisky steady at $1.13. Coffee quiet, at 15¾@18. Sugar in active demand; fair to fully fair, 8¼@8¾c; prime, 8¾@9c. Molasses nominally unchanged, at 43@57. Rice steady, at 6@6¾c. Bran steady, at 65c. Cotton dull; sales, 800 bales; prices easier; good ordinary, 9½c; low middling, 10¾c; middling, 11¼c; good middling, 12¼@12⅝; receipts, not 1324 bales, gross 1325 bales; exports—to Liverpool, 3030 bales, and New York, 750 bales; stock, 161 bales.

FOREIGN.

LIVERPOOL, July 3—4:30 p.m.—Futures flat; middling uplands and low middling, July delivery, 5 23-32d; September and October delivery, 5¾d.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CROSBY'S CHALLENCE

Churning Machine.

A Strictly Arkansas Invention, and acknowledged by all who see it to be

A GRAND SUCCESS.

The power is so simple and great that a child six years old can do the Churning for an ordinary family. No trouble to clean. Made strong and durable. Not complicated in the least. Can be used in any kind of churn. For sale at

DOWDLE, GIBSON & CO.'S,
W. P. HARPER, Local Agents.
General Agent, Searcy, Ark. 2027

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue and authority of two writs of execution, issued and to me directed and delivered by the Pulaski county circuit clerk, I have levied upon and will expose for sale, by public auction, to the highest bidder, on

Saturday, the Twenty-Ninth Day of July, A. D. 1876,

in front of the court-house door in Pulaski county, Arkansas, to-wit: in front of the Benjamin block, in the city of Little Rock, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. of said day, the following described real estate, situate in said county, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of Tim Shanahan in and to lot six (6), in block three (3), of Capitol Hill Extension addition to the city of Little Rock.

Also, lot or block O, being the south east quarter of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 32, township 2 north, of range 12 west, containing 10 acres.

Also, lot or block N, being the south west quarter of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 32, township 2 north, of range 12 west, containing 10 acres.

Levied upon to satisfy two judgments against said Tim Shanahan and in favor of E. H. Chase & Co.

Terms of Sale: Upon a credit of three months, purchaser giving bond with approved security, as provided by law, and a lien being retained on the premises for the purchase money.

H. H. BUTTRAM,
7:07 Sheriff of Pulaski County, Ark.

Two Lots to Lease for Twenty Years.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS AUTHORized to lease the following described lots, lying on the west side of Scott street, and on the north side of and adjoining the lots on which the Christian church is located, in the city of Little Rock, for not exceeding twenty years, viz.:

LOTS Nos. 11 and 12, BLOCK No. 4.

The above lots will be leased at a low annual rent, to be paid quarter-annually in the leading, building himself to pay all taxes and assessments charged on them during the term of the lease.

The lessee will be permitted to make any improvements on them he may desire (not prohibited by the city ordinances), and, at the expiration of his lease, may have the same appraised, and be entitled to a reimbursement of one-half their then value, in an extension of the lease until the same can be paid, or the amount for which they may be appraised. Apply to

W. E. WOODRUFF, Sr.
Little Rock, March 1, 1876.

LUMBER ON TIME.

PARTIES WISHING TO BUILD will be supplied at Cash Prices, on twelve months' time. On hand, a large lot of Dry Flooring, Siding and Finishing Lumber, of the best quality. Apply to

JAMES DYER,
No. 213 Markham street.

CONGRESS SPRING WATER—Just received and for sale by the bottle or case.

C. J. LINCOLN & CO.

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CENTENNIAL RATES

WILL ALWAYS BE AS LOW AS THE LOWEST VIA THE

WABASH LINE.

And a great variety of tickets will be offered, embracing all points of interest throughout the country.

Trains leave Union Depot, St. Louis, as follows:

7:30 A. M. Atlantic Express.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

PULLMAN SLEEPERS attached to this train, through to

CLEVELAND

without change, connecting there in Union Depot with through sleepers to

NEW YORK AND BOSTON.

Connection is also made at Fort Wayne with through sleepers to

PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK

VIA PITTSBURG,

Making but one change to the Atlantic Coast, either via Buffalo or Pittsburg.

6:30 A. M. Lightning Express

DAILY, EXCEPT SATURDAY.

	ARRIVES AT
Fort Wayne	6:25 a.m. next day.
Pittsburg	7:05 p.m. next day.
Philadelphia	7:35 a.m. second day.
New York	10:25 a.m. second day.
Toledo	9:30 a.m. next day.
Detroit	1:30 p.m. next day.
Cleveland	2:40 p.m. next day.
Buffalo	9:30 p.m. next day.
New York	12:30 p.m. second day.
Boston	4:50 p.m. second day.
Philadelphia	1:55 p.m. second day.

(VIA BUFFALO.)

The above time is positively from 7 to 8½ hours in advance of Cincinnati or Chicago routes, and this route is as quick as any other to Indianapolis and Cincinnati. Leaving St. Louis at 8:30 p.m., arrives at Indianapolis at 4:10 p.m., Cincinnati at 8:30 a.m. next morning, with Chair Cars from Danville Junction.

Seats and Berths can be reserved through to destination, and full information can be had on application to

E. H. COFFIN,
Ticket Agent, 104 North Fourth street, St. Louis.
W. L. MALVOLM,
General Passenger Agent.
J. S. LAZARUS,
General Western Agent.

CENTENNIAL.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad

The Great Pleasure Route to Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and all Eastern and Southeastern Points

Passengers who contemplate visiting the Centennial should purchase tickets via this route, and visit the famous Watering Places in the mountains of Virginia.

THE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

Known world-wide for the many healing virtues of its waters, are located immediately on the line of this great pleasure route, while many others, of equal merit, lie within a short distance and many of several by regular lines of first-class Concord coaches.

By examining our map and time tables you will find the most desirable route, as our passengers have the privilege of stopping at any of the Springs in the mountains of Virginia, and resuming their journey at pleasure. No other line can offer these inducements. Our road-bed is first-class in every particular.

Trains equipped with all modern improvements.

Pullman Drawing Room and Sleeping Cars, Westinghouse Air-Brake,

and everything that is necessary for the comfort and convenience of passengers.

To New York you have choice of two routes, either via Gordonsville, Washington, etc., or via Richmond, taking one of the magnificent steamers of the Old Dominion Ocean Steamship Company, passing within view of all the places of historical interest on the James river, Old Point Comfort, Fortress Monroe, Hampton Roads, Rip Raps, Jamestown, etc.

The TWIN LINE, and be convinced that it is the Finest Pleasure Route on the continent.

ROUND TRIP TICKETS

on sale, at Greatly Reduced Rates, at all regular ticket offices, and at 177 Walnut street (Gibson House), Cincinnati, where all information will be cheerfully given, or by addressing either of the undersigned.

CONWAY R. HOWARD,
General Ticket and Passenger Agent,
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C. W. McFARLANE,
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E. TOZER,
Western Traveling Agent, Cincinnati.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

P. O. HOOPER. A. L. BERTHACHER.

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LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

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Practice limited to

DISEASES OF THE EYE AND EAR,

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GRAND CASH DISTRIBUTION.

Solid Wealth! $600,000 in Gifts!

Grandest Scheme ever Presented to the Public.

A Fortune for Only $12.

THE KENTUCKY CASH DISTRIBUTION Company, authorized by a special act of the Kentucky Legislature, for the benefit of the Public Schools of Frankfort, will have the first of their series of Grand Drawings at Major Hall, in the city of Frankfort, Ky., on

THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1876,

on which occasion they will distribute to the ticket-holders the immense sum of

$600,000.

THOMAS P. PORTER, Ex-Governor of Kentucky, General Manager.

POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.

List of Gifts.

One Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
One Grand Cash Gift		50,000
One Grand Cash Gift		25,000
One Grand Cash Gift		20,000
One Grand Cash Gift		10,000
One Grand Cash Gift		5,000
50 Cash Gifts of $1,000 each		50,000
100 Cash Gifts of 500 each		50,000
100 Cash Gifts of 400 each		40,000
100 Cash Gifts of 300 each		30,000
200 Cash Gifts of 200 each		40,000
600 Cash Gifts of 100 each		60,000
10,000 Cash Gifts of 12 each		120,000
Total, 11,156 Gifts, all cash		$600,000

PRICE OF TICKETS: Whole tickets, $12; Halves, $6; Quarters, $3; 9 Tickets, $100; 27½ Tickets, $300; 465 Tickets, $5,000; 854 Tickets, $10,000. 100,000 Tickets at $12 each.

Remittances can be made by express, draft, postoffice money order or registered letter, made payable to Kentucky Cash Distribution Company.

All communications connected with the distribution, and orders for Tickets, and applications of Agents to sell Tickets, should be addressed to

HON. THOS. P. PORTER,
Tf97 General Manager, Frankfort, Ky.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE.

ANTHONY HOUSE PROPERTY

COMPRISING THE EAST HALF of block 2, west of the Quapaw line, in the city of Little Rock. Will be sold on advantageous terms, in lots to suit purchasers. Apply to

W. W. ADAMS,
Trustee for Clendenin & Peay.
March 16, 1876.

Two Lots to Lease for Twenty Years.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS AUTHORized to lease the following described lots, lying on the west side of Scott street, and on the north side of and adjoining the lots on which the Christian church is located, in the city of Little Rock, for not exceeding twenty years, viz:

LOTS Nos. 11 and 12, BLOCK No. 4.

The above lots will be leased at a low annual rent, to be paid quarter-annually the lessee binding himself to pay all taxes and assessments charged on them during the term of the lease.

The lessee will be permitted to make any improvements on them he may desire (not prohibited by the city ordinances) and, at the expiration of his lease, may have the same appraised, and be entitled to a reimbursement of one-half their then value, in an extension of the lease until the annual rent will cover the amount for which they may be appraised. Apply to

WM. E. WOODRUFF, Sr.
Little Rock, March 1, 1876.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I will, on Saturday, the fifteenth day of July, 1876, apply to the probate court of Pulaski county, State of Arkansas, for an order to sell the lands belonging to the estate of A. L. Lefevre, deceased, for the payment of the debts of said estate.

JAMES A. MARTIN,
Administrator of the estate of Ambrose L. Lefevre, deceased.
Little Rock, Ark., June 15, 1876.

CONGRESS SPRING WATER—Just received and for sale by the bottle or case. C. J. LINCOLN & CO.

CIGARS! CIGARS!! CIGARS!!! Halstead's celebrated Cigars for sale wholesale and retail, at C. J. LINCOLN & CO.'S, Agents.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.:

TUESDAY.....JULY 4, 1876

DEMOCRATIC CONSERVATIVE TICKET

National Election—November 7, 1876.

FOR PRESIDENT

SAMUEL J. TILDEN, of New York.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

THOS. A. HENDRICKS, of Indiana.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.
State at Large,
JAMES D. WALKER, of Washington.
MARCUS L. BELL, of Jefferson.
First District,
POINDEXTER DUNN, of St. Francis.
Second District,
DANIEL W. JONES, of Hempstead.
Third District,
BENTON J. BROWN, of Crawford.
Fourth District,
S. H. WHITTHORNE, of Conway.

State Election—September 4, 1876.

For Governor,
WILLIAM R. MILLER, of Independence.

For Secretary of State,
BENTON B. BEAVERS, of Saline.

For Auditor of State,
JOHN CRAWFORD, of Howard.

For Treasurer of State,
THOMAS J. CHURCHILL, of Pulaski.

For Attorney-General,
WILLIAM F. HENDERSON, of Randolph.

For Commissioner of State Lands,
JAMES H. SMITHEE, of Pulaski.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction
GEORGE W. HILL, of Calhoun.

For Judge of Pulaski Chancery Court,
JOHN R. EAKIN, of Hempstead.

For Clerk of Pulaski Chancery Court,
JONATHAN W. CALLAWAY, of Ouachita.

For Judge of Sixth Judicial Circuit,
JOSEPH W. MARTIN, of Pulaski.

For Prosecuting Attorney of the Sixth Judicial Circuit,
FRANK T. VAUGHAN, of Pulaski.

THE president has signed the bill restoring public lands in Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Florida to the market.

WE are pained to learn the recent death of Hon. Thomas O. Moore, ex-governor of Louisiana, at his residence in the parish of Rapides, in the seventy-fifth year of his age.

A FEW weeks ago Gen. Santa Anna started from New Orleans to Philadelphia, to attend the centennial. He is traveling in a private carriage, with suite, and started out to travel *incog.* He was recognized, however, *en route*, and from this time on will no doubt meet with considerable notice. His line of travel is through Alabama, East Tennessee and Virginia. The citizens of Knoxville, Tenn., hearing of his approach, sent him an invitation to be present at their celebration of the Fourth of July, and received a letter from his private secretary accepting the courtesy. He will no doubt be present there to-day.

THE DAY WE CELEBRATE.

To-day, throughout the length and breadth of the United States, the American people will join in universal accord to celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of American independence. On this day one hundred years ago was put into practical demonstration the theory of self-government by the people. Then three millions of people staked "their lives, their fortunes and their sacred honor" on the experiment; now forty millions of freemen attest the success of their effort, and at the end of a century rejoice in the permanent establishment of civil and religious liberty. During that period the experiment has been tested by foreign and domestic wars, and though the light of liberty has sometimes grown dim, and has almost been extinguished in the "carnival of blood," yet when the storm abated its ensign has been found still high advanced. The glories of that natal day are the common inheritance of the American people, who cherish with equal pride the victories of Bunker Hill and Fort Moultrie, and with like reverence the martyr blood of Warren and Jasper.

It is not our purpose to follow in detail the strides of civilization under the inspiring influences of free government—how thousands of miles of wilderness have been subjected to the uses of agriculture, and made the homes of men; how cities have sprung up as if by magic, and become the teeming marts of commerce and the seats of manufacture; how the tide of human population has surged in resistless flow, until it has spanned the continent and made itself the master of two oceans. We shall not attempt to follow the march of mind within that period, and recount the wondrous discoveries of science, until now the transit of a continent is the accomplishment of a few hours, and the knowledge of events in the remotest part of the world is coincident with their occurrence in any particular spot. These and more than these are the incidents of the century we celebrate, and harbingers of the undeveloped glories of the one whose advent dawns with such brilliant promise. With the American people we stand with uncovered heads in the twilight of one century and the dawn of another, and exulting in the realizations of that which has passed we grasp with the eye of faith the yet undeveloped glories of that which is to come.

AT THE CENTENNIAL.

Arkansas Ahead of the Southern States—Crowds of People Visit the State Building.

[From Our Special Correspondent.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 30.

I have seen the great exposition, and am like the girl writing from here to her mother in the country; all that she could say was "Oh!" To attempt to give any idea of its grandeur and magnitude, I will have to wait until by frequent visits I can sufficiently recover from the bewilderment of its immensity to note accurately some of the important exhibits.

The first thing an Arkansian will do upon entering the grounds is to seek out the Arkansas building. This can be readily found, as it occupies one of the most prominent sites, commanding a view of the main exhibition and government buildings, and directly opposite the beautiful fountain erected by the Catholic total abstinence societies. As I viewed the building from a distance, with our state flag flying from its top, I felt a pride modified, I must confess, by the fear that through a lack of funds our display would not be creditable to a state with such infinense resources as our own. Judge, then, of my surprise and pleasure, upon entering the building, to find a beautiful apartment filled with the various products of our state, making a display superior to any other southern state, and only equaled by Kansas and Colorado, who exhibit jointly. I was very cordially received by our enterprising and indefatigable commissioners, Dr. O. W. Lawrence and George E. Dodge, Esq., who are deserving of all praise for placing our state in such a favorable position before the entire world. These gentlemen are always present, devoting their entire time in entertaining strangers and giving all necessary information. To them, then, their intelligence and courteous manner, and the fine display they have collected, will be due the credit of bringing within our borders many thrifty and intelligent farmers. In the center of the building is placed a beautiful fountain. To the left as you enter is the ladies' parlor, handsomely furnished with blue silk furniture and Brussels carpets. A handsome upright piano occupies a corner in the room. Upon the wall is an oil painting of Hon. Chester Ashley, chairman of the judiciary committee of the United States senate in 1846. A portrait of Sandy Faulkner occupies a prominent position; a number of photographs of private buildings in Little Rock are suspended, and also a large oil painting of the "Arkansas Traveler," painted by our young townsman, James Fortenbury, which attracts considerable attention. The office which is occupied by the commissioner is neatly furnished. The Little Rock dailies and other state papers are kept on file. There are also gentlemen's and ladies' retiring rooms, which are handsomely fitted up. A colored janitor in uniform, with the name "Arkansas" on his hat, is constantly in attendance, furnishing ice water. I overheard a gentleman say, "This is southern hospitality; I'll come back again, for I feel that I am welcome."

It would be impossible in one letter to give you a description of all the building contains. In addition to the commissioners, there are also present Messrs. W. E. Rowell and R. J. Miles, representing the Little Rock and Fort Smith railroad. To the former gentleman I am indebted for my information concerning the display made by the road. Major Thos. Essex represents the St. Louis and Iron Mountain railroad. The Little Rock and Fort Smith railroad display a large variety of native woods, collected along the line of their road, which attract much attention. They exhibit samples of oats four and one-half feet high, wheat four and one-half feet, and clover over three feet high. The handsome cane made of a variety of woods by Butler, Gibb & Co. contains mineral specimens and is much admired; it also contains crystals from Hot Springs, belonging to Dr. Lawrence's cabinet. They also exhibit fine specimens of lead and silver ore from the Kellogg mines. In a prominent position stand huge blocks of coal, which, upon examination, we found were the product of the Jenny Lind mine of Sebastian county, the Bostick bank, Horsehead, Spadra, and the Dacus bank of Yell county. We were surprised not to see the Ouita represented. These coals have all been analyzed and will average over eighty per cent. of fixed carbon. Samples of stave timber and a barrel made of Arkansas wood by a cooper of Little Rock are exhibited. Suspended from the wall is a large and very handsome map of Arkansas, executed by hand, at a cost of $800, by Messrs. Johnson and Douglass, of Little Rock. During the season the company will be in receipt of the various products along the line of their road. They have issued as an advertisement a *fac-simile* of the Declaration of Independence, which they furnish gratuitously. They also exhibit some fine specimens of tobacco. During our visit the room was comfortably filled with visitors, and we noticed many of them taking notes. Upon examining the barouche register furnished by our fellow-townsman Winsler, I found over four hundred names registered in two days. There are many who visit the building and do not register. I found the following Arkansians registered: L. D. Gleason and daughter, Mrs. J. G. Price, Miss Bettie James, Miss Lizzie Peterson, W. H. Saully, David W. Pollock, James J. Mandelbaum, George H. Schulte, A. T. Fones, James Torrans, all of Little Rock; David C. Casey and wife, Hot Springs; A. G. Jarman, Helena; O. T. Bently, Lewisburg; Wm. Howell, Russellville. Upon the table there are two large specimens of crystals, which are used as inkstands. We were amused to note the remarks that some persons had written in the register, under the head of remarks: "The building could not be nicer." "Delighted with inkstand," "A fine exhibit," "Admire inkstand," "Arkansas has unique inkstand," etc.

I would say to those coming that as soon as you enter the grounds do not attempt to see the entire exhibition in one day, but take the cars, which for five cents will carry you around the entire ground, giving you an exterior view of all the buildings; then take one building at a time. I would advise every one who can afford it by all means to come. The cost of living here is very moderate; you can obtain first-class board for ten dollars a week and good board for six and seven dollars. There is no extortion practiced either inside or out of the inclosure. The attendants are polite and accommodating.

The cadets from West Point are camped upon the grounds, and also two or three companies of United States troops. Military companies from the different states are arriving daily, and the city presents a very lively appearance.

The street cars leading to the exhibition grounds follow each other in rapid succession, and are crowded to overflowing. For the sum of six cents they convey you from any part of the city to the exposition.

One of the most direct and pleasant routes to the centennial from Little Rock is by way of Memphis; then the Louisville and Nashville road to Louisville; then, to Cincinnati by the Short Line, and by the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis road to Pittsburg; from there by the great Pennsylvania Central, where immediate connections are made. Whether the train is on time or not, they send out a special. Sleeping cars from Little Rock to Louisville and from there through to Philadelphia can be obtained.

On to-morrow the commemorative exercises of our Independence will be held in Independence hall and square. On the second day of July, one hundred years ago, twelve colonies out of thirteen, New York not being able to vote, resolved "that these united colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent states." A large stand has been erected, capable of accommodating over 3000 people. Many of the prominent men of the country will be present. A large chorus will sing Whitter's centennial hymn. On the evening of the 3d of July there will be a grand torchlight procession of the various civic societies and political organizations, and at midnight guns will be fired and all the bells in the city rung, besides which the city will be illuminated. On the 4th there will be a grand military display, and in the evening the finest and largest exhibition of fire-works ever seen in the country. It is certainly a grand holiday for Philadelphia. S.

The St. Louis Platform

Is not the terse, crisp, easy-remembered formula that we have been looking for; but neither is it the promiscuous assortment of glittering generalities to which we have been accustomed. Though rather argumentative and statistical for a declaration of faith, it is really a very able document, and will answer admirably for a campaign tract. Of course there is plenty of clap-trap in it, but with the exception of the attack upon the Chinese, there is nothing that appears to have been inserted merely as a bait for votes. The denunciation of sumptuary laws is in accordance with traditional democratic doctrine, and the demand for the repeal of the resumption act is entirely consistent with the view which both hard and soft-money democrats have always taken of the "Sherman sham." Beyond this the platform is unusually plain spoken. It is for hard money, free trade and home rule; for civil-service reform and honest government. It is rather denunciatory than declaratory, but it has the rare merit of meeting living issues squarely. . . . Whether it will prove a popular platform is another question altogether, but there is no mistaking the position of the party or its candidates, and if the object of a platform be to define the position of a party, and not, as commonly assumed, to conceal it, we may call the St. Louis platform a success.—[Philadelphia Times (independent).

THE contempt with which the republican platform is treated by the London Times, in an unusually able article on the Cincinnati nominations, gives frank expression to the real opinion about that platform of every intelligent and independent man in this country. Partisans may excuse its twaddle on the ground that a party which really has nothing to say for itself had better not try to say anything. But thinking people will have time enough between this and November to contrast its futility with the square, positive, clean-cut and emphatic utterance of the democrats at St. Louis. It is an open secret that the democratic platform was shaped and put together by Mr. Manble. Whether the republicans owe their platform, as they do their candidate and their resumption bill, to the ingenious Senator Sherman, we do not pretend to know; but there is certainly a curiously similar flavor of "Sherman sham" about all three.—[New York World.

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.

L. D. VAUGHAN

FINEST WINES,

LIQUORS, BEER, ALE AND CIGARS.

Friends and Strangers, Your Patronage is Respectfully Solicited.

COME ONE, COME ALL.

Old and well-known stand, Main Street, between Markham and Second.

L. KATZENBERG. T. LANDMAN

KATZENBERG & LANDMAN,

Wholesale Dealers

—IN—

WINES, LIQUORS

CIGARS, TOBACCO

GAZETTE BLOCK,
Corner of Scott and Markham Streets.

Sole Agents for Possum Hollow and Old Hickory Bourbon.

B. BERNAYS

DEALER IN

FINE OLD WINES, LIQUORS,

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

HAS CONSTANTLY ON HAND and offers for sale, as a SPECIALTY, the following genuine imported articles, warranted pure and unadulterated, viz:

WM. McEWAN'S EDINBURGH EAST INDIA PALE ALE.

In pint bottles and on draught.

BENEDICTINE.

The most Salutary Tonic.

Finest Old Brandies, London Dock Jamaica Rum, Batavia Arrac, Holland Gin, Irish Whisky, Port, Madeira Sherry, Bordeaux Claret, Sauternes and Rhine Wines.

CHAMPAGNE WINES

Of Bouchenlle & Co.; DeVernoe's Carte Blanche and Imperial, in quarts, pints and half pints—something new

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKIES.

Always a full assortment of genuine imported Havana, Key West and Domestic

CIGARS.

Always a fresh stock of all grades.

TOBACCOS.

Plug, Fine Cut, Chewing and Imported and Domestic Smoking Tobaccos, Pipes, and all other Smokers' Articles.

All articles warranted as represented, and all at the lowest prices.

☞ A nicely and comfortably fitted up room attached to my store for the use of my friends and the public in general.

B. BERNAYS,
Corner Markham street and Shell Alley.

HOTELS.

HAYNES HOUSE.

Elm Street, between Scott and Cumberland.

Table Furnished with the Best The Market Affords.

Boarding and Lodging, per day $1.25
Boarding and Lodging, per week 6.00
Day Board, per week 5.00

STEPHEN HAYNES,
1221 Proprietor.

THE METROPOLITAN

Corner of Main and Markham Streets.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

A. G. DUNCAN, Proprietor.

Scott Street House

DAY, TRANSIENT AND PRIVATE BOARDING.

TERMS TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Location Central, on Scott Street
Between Second and Third.

Table Always Supplied with the Best The Market Affords.

MRS. P. R. KNIGHT, Proprietress.

S. BROMBERGER

CLEANS

Ladies' & Gentlemen's Clothing

BY STEAM, without injuring the garment in the least, and so perfectly as to make them look as well as when new. All work will be done at Mort Rosenfield's Parlors, Corner of Main and Markham streets, over the basement in Stoddard building.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS.

FOR CONGRESS—ARCHIBALD TRACY.—We are authorized to announce this, JOHN T. DICKINSON, as a candidate for re-election to the thirty-second Congress, subject to the action of the democratic nominating convention.

FOR STATE SENATOR.

FOR STATE SENATOR.—TWENTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.—We are authorized to announce WILLIAM T. HOLLIS, as a candidate to represent the above Senatorial District, at the coming general election, subject to the action of the democratic party in said district.

MANY CITIZENS.

FOR STATE SENATOR.—TWENTY-SECOND SENATORIAL DISTRICT.—We are authorized to announce M. M. DUFFIE, of Perry county, as a candidate for State Senator from the above district, at the coming election.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

HAVING WRITTEN THE ANNOUNCEMENT of the "What is Humor but a Laugh," more in fun than in earnest, and believe in the principles therein set forth, at the solicitation of many friends I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the Lower House of the Legislature, and will be nominated by the democratic convention, held August 1st.

W. L. TERRY.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce Mr. Jacob Ehn as a candidate for State Representative from Pulaski county, subject to the action of the democratic nominating convention, to be held August 1st.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce Dr. R. G. Jones, of Little Rock, as a candidate for the legislature of Pulaski county to the General Assembly, subject to the action of the democratic convention.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce Dr. M. J. McDonald, of Jacksonville, as a candidate for Representative of Pulaski county in the General Assembly, subject to the action of the democratic nominating convention.

FOR SHERIFF.

EDITOR GAZETTE: Having been called on by a large number of the old citizens to announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Pulaski county, I have consented to do so, subject to the action of the democratic nominating convention, and will be pleased to be supported by said action.

J. H. GILLEN.

EDITOR GAZETTE: You are authorized to announce me as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Pulaski county, subject to the action of the democratic nominating convention, to be held in Little Rock, June 1, 1876.

W. S. PARK.

EDITOR GAZETTE: You are authorized to announce me as a candidate for re-election to the office of Sheriff of Pulaski county, subject to the action of the democratic nominating convention, to be held in August next.

H. H. RUTTAKER.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK AND EX-OFFICIO RECORDER.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK AND EX-OFFICIO RECORDER.—To the People of Pulaski County: I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of Circuit Clerk and Ex-officio Recorder of Pulaski county, subject to the action of the democratic county convention.

THOS. H. WALLACE.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK AND EX-OFFICIO RECORDER.—We are authorized to announce W. E. Rockwood as a candidate for Circuit Clerk and Recorder of Pulaski county at the ensuing election, subject to the decision of the democratic convention.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce F. Glaser as a candidate for County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Probate Court of Pulaski county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention of the democratic county party to be held in Little Rock, Tuesday, August 1, 1876.

EDITOR GAZETTE: You are authorized to announce me as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Clerk and ex-officio Clerk of the Probate Court of Pulaski county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention of the democratic and conservative party, to be held in Little Rock, Tuesday, August 1, 1876.

R. W. WATTS.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

EDITOR GAZETTE: You are authorized to announce me as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Treasurer of Pulaski county, subject to the decision of the democratic convention of the democratic and conservative party.

J. A. ELLIS.

I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MYSELF as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Pulaski county, at the ensuing election—subject, however, to the decision of the county democratic nominating convention.

JOSHUA F. ISH.

FOR ASSESSOR.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce P. G. Mann as a candidate for Assessor of Bayou Meto township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO announce A. R. Scurlock, of Little Rock township, as a candidate for Assessor, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.

HAVING HELD THE OFFICE of Assessor since 1874, I hereby announce myself as a candidate for re-election to the said office, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention to be held August 1, 1876.

F. A. BARTON.
Assessor for Pulaski County.

EDITOR GAZETTE: You are authorized to announce me as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Pulaski county, subject to the decision of the democratic county nominating convention, to be held August 1, 1876.

JOHN COLE.

FOR TOWNSHIP CONSTABLE.

FOR TOWNSHIP CONSTABLE.—We are authorized to announce JOSEPH GRIFFITH as a candidate for Township Constable, subject to the action of the democratic nominating convention.