

ARKANSAS STATE GAZETTE

NO. 4.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., MONDAY MORNING, MAY 15, 1865.

VOL. 1.

ATTENTION OFFICERS!

NO necessity of sending North for
MILITARY GOODS,
AS
TICKNOR & CO.,
WILL SELL AT
SAINT LOUIS PRICES!
And No Mistake.

No. 1, Commissary Building,
MAIN STREET, SIGN OF THE BIG FLAG.
Feb. 7, 1865.

ORVILLE JENNINGS,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law,

OFFICE over Dr. McAlmont's Drug Store, corner
Main and Markham streets, Little Rock, Ark.
Feb. 25, 1865.

OTTENHEIMER & BRO.,
MAIN STREET,

DOES South of the Auction Room, will as usual keep on hand a full assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes and Notions. Also Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Thankful to the citizens of Little Rock and the public generally, for the patronage heretofore received, I still ask them to call and see me before purchasing elsewhere.
February 2, 1865.

LUCIEN J. BARNES,
(LATE MAJOR & ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL.)

**Banker, Exchange Dealer and
WAR CLAIM AGENT,**

CORNER MARKHAM AND SCOTT STS.,

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

FURNISH 7.30 U. S. Currency Bonds on subscription. These bonds are convertible three years after date into six per cent. Gold Bonds. No security is better than that of the Government we sustain. LET THEREFORE NONE DELAY, BUT SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE. I receive money on account and pay interest on time deposits.

I PAY a premium for Five per cent. Treasury notes. I BUY mutilated Treasury Notes and Government Vouchers.

I SELL Drafts on St. Louis and New York for Soldiers remittances home. This is the safest and cheapest way to send money.

I SELL all kinds of Revenue Stamps.
I SELL Postage Stamps and Stamp Envelopes in any quantity.

I COLLECT Back Pay, Bounty and Pension Certificates for Officers, Soldiers, Widows, Orphans and Heirs.
March 31, 1865.

7.30 U. S. Bonds.

SUBSCRIPTIONS received and bonds delivered free of charges at Little Rock, or any point reached by Express.

Soldiers can subscribe here, and have the bonds delivered to their families at home.

This popular loan is now being absorbed at the rate of \$3,000,000 per day.

Parties having money at their disposal, are invited to notice the peculiar advantages of this investment.

LUCIEN J. BARNES,
Corner Markham and Scott streets,
Little Rock, Ark.
March 30, 1865.

J. D. FITZGERALD,

Auction and Commission Merchant,

MAIN ST., LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

STRICT attention paid to all sales of Merchandise, Furniture, Produce, Stock, &c., in and out of doors. Quick sales and prompt returns made.

J. D. FITZGERALD,
Auctioneer.
Oct. 14, 1864.

Law Advertisement.

GREEN C. CROSSEN,

Attorney at Law,

DE VALL'S BLUFF, ARK.

WILL attend to all Law business, Collection of Claims, &c.
October 17, 1864.

TELEGRAPHIC.

CAPTURE of JEFF. DAVIS

(Official.)

WAR DEP'T., WASHINGTON, May 13.

Maj. Gen. Dix:

The following dispatch has just been received from Gen. Wilson, announcing the surprise and capture of Jeff. Davis and his staff, by Col. Pritchard and the Michigan cavalry, on the 10th, at Irvinsville, Cowan county.

E. M. STANTON,

Secretary of War.

MACON, GA., May 12.

Lt. Gen. Grant, and the Sec'y, War,

WASHINGTON—

I have the honor to report that at daylight on the morning of the 10th inst., Col. Pritchard, commanding the 4th Michigan cavalry, captured Jeff. Davis and family, together with John H. Reagan, Postmaster General, Col. Pearson, Secretary, Col. Johnston, A. D. C., Col. Morris, Col. Lubbock, Lieut. Hatchway and others. Col. Pritchard surprised the camp at Irvinsville, Cowan county, Ga., 75 miles southeast of this place, they will be here to-morrow night, and will be forwarded under guard without delay—I will send further particulars without delay.

(Signed,)

J. H. WILSON,

Brev't. Major General.

FORT SMITH, May 14.

The announcement of the capture of Jeff. Davis produced the wildest enthusiasm here. The churches here dismissed their congregations, the troops and citizens assembled in the garrison, a national salute was fired, speeches were delivered by Gen. Bussey, Col. Harrison, Lt. Col. Campbell, Chaplains Springer and North, on the announcement of the capture of Jeff. Davis.

The cheering was deafening, and continued all day. The citizens of this place, from the call of Illinois, for the purpose of celebrating at Springfield, to the memory of President Lincoln. About seven hundred dollars was contributed by the soldiers and citizens, which will be increased to one thousand to-morrow, as many were unprepared to day. The 18th and 40th Iowa, 1st Arkansas, and 22d Ohio Infantry, 2d Kansas and 1st Arkansas Battery, composed the troops. The citizens present gave very liberally.

NEW YORK, May 9.

The Tribune's special from Washington says: Government is preparing to collect much of its postal revenues from delinquent debtor Postmasters. When the rebellion broke out most of the 9,000 Postmasters in the rebel States were largely in arrears for stamps and newspapers postage. By an act passed last winter, the real estate of a postmaster and his securities may be seized by attachment.

The Herald's Washington special says: There was a special cabinet meeting to-day, continuing over four hours. The subject of trade and commerce with the insurrectionary States was under consideration, but will again be considered at a regular Cabinet meeting to-morrow. The importance of unrestricted commercial intercourse as an agent of reconstruction and pacification is fully appreciated by the President and Cabinet, and the only discussion is as to how this can be accomplished under the laws of Congress framed for a different condition of affairs. The financial condition of the Southern States as affecting commercial relations was also fully considered in the Cabinet consultations upon the subject.

Reports about any party being sent to Europe to negotiate loans for the government are without foundation. No such movement is contemplated.

Large numbers of military officers are tendering their resignations. Thirteen general officers have already resigned.

It has been decided to retain for the present a military force at Staunton in the valley.

NEW YORK, May 9.

The Richmond Whig says:

The line of march of the 2d and 6th corps passed Libby Prison, which was included in the

route in order to gratify the soldiers. It was greeted alternately by cheers and groans from those who from time to time in the progress of the war were so unfortunate as to be inmates of its inhospitable walls. Whether designedly or not the programme of the route took a line past Gen. Lee's residence, Franklin street, and those of the soldiers who were aware of the proximity of that distinguished chief of the late Confederate forces cheered lustily as the residence was approached and passed. It is said Gen. Lee stood at the closed blinds of one of the windows and viewed the pageant for a few minutes. We understand the route of the procession was selected and laid through the streets that would best afford the troops an opportunity of viewing the city, before which they had been fighting four years for its possession, and the soldiers seemed to enjoy the spectacle with pleasure, though without any outward demonstrations whatever.

Maj. Gen. Halleck has made his appointment of Judges of the Court of conciliation or arbitration for settlement of pecuniary claims, and dues arising out of the change in the currency.

Henry W. Thomas, late State Auditor, Wm. H. Lyons, late judge of Hustings Court, and John A. Meredith, late Judge of the Circuit Court of Richmond, are named as the Board.

The Whig also has the following: Some idea of the immense business of the commissary Department of a large army may be gained from the fact that the commissary of Sherman's army had orders on Saturday to issue 1,600,000 rations for the sustenance of the army on its march from Manchester to Richmond.

Capt. Thomas W. Doswell, late Assistant Provost of Richmond, under the Confederate government, and detective Williams, have been rearrested by the authorities and sent to Libby.

Frederick W. Boyd, a capt. of the Baltimore police under Marshal Kane, was also arrested and paroled for an examination.

NEW YORK, May 9.

The steamer Havana, from Havana on the 3d, has arrived. She brings city of Mexico dates to the 10th and 11th inst. The capture of San Juan and the capture of the Juarists is confirmed.

Several thousand Imperial troops have been sent to Sonora and Sinaloa.

The Legislature of Lower California has desired the defence of the State against the invaders.

Letters from Morelia report the Juarists captured the town of Gantreo, and expected to attack Morelia.

A large Juarist force are reported in Queretaro.

Three hundred Imperialists were captured by the Juarists at a town in Michoacan.

Two hundred Austrians had arrived at Campeachy to garrison the place.

Galveston advices are to the 25th of April.

The people of Houston and Springfield held meetings, and determined to continue, though they had heard of the capitulation of Lee, to repel invasion and sustain Jeff. Davis.

Gen. Howe, who commanded Galveston, resigned, and was replaced by Col. Smith.

Magruder was at Galveston, where he reviewed the troops.

A federal attack on the coast of Texas is momentarily expected.

WASHINGTON, May 9.

President Johnson has issued a proclamation declaring:

WHEREAS, Armed resistance to the authority of the Government in certain States heretofore declared to be in insurrection may be regarded as virtually at an end, and the persons by whom that resistance, as well as the operations of insurgent cruisers were directed, are fugitives or captives; and whereas, it is understood that some of these cruisers are still infesting the high seas and others are preparing to capture, burn and destroy vessels of the United States, he enjoins, all naval, military and civil officers of the United States, diligently to endeavor, by all means to arrest said cruisers and bring them into a port of the United States, in order that they may be prevented from committing further depredations on commerce, and that persons aboard them may no longer enjoy impunity for their crimes; and he further proclaims and declares, that if after a reasonable time shall elapse for the proclamation to become

known in the parts of nations claiming to have been neutral said insurgent armies and persons on board of them shall continue to receive hospitality in said ports, this Government shall deem itself justified in refusing hospitality to public vessels of such nation in the ports of the United States, and in adopting such other measures as may be deemed advisable toward the vindication of the national sovereignty.

The President has issued an executive order to re-establish the authority of the United States, and to execute the laws within the geographical limits known as Virginia, and the proceedings of the political, military and civil organizations which have been in a state of insurrection against the authority and laws of the United States, and of which Jeff. Davis, John Letcher and William Smith were late respective chiefs, are declared null and void.

Hon. John A. Bingham and brevet Colonel Burnet were introduced to the Court as Assistant Judge Advocates, for the trial of the case designated under the order of the President.

The Court then adjourned till 10 o'clock to-morrow, to allow the prisoners opportunity for obtaining counsel and conferring with them.

HEAD-QUARTERS DEP'T OF MISSISSIPPI,
Vicksburg, Miss., May 6th, 1865.
Special Orders No. 151.

EXTRACT IV.

I. Information has been received at these Headquarters of the surrender of Lieut. Gen. Taylor, Confederate army, and his forces, to Maj. Gen. Canby. This includes the forces within this Department.

Commanding officers of towns now or hereafter occupied, will be held to a most strict accountability for exactness of discipline in their commands, and that the people of the country are amply secured against molestation or annoyance of any kind by their troops, and protected against injury from any source.

Picket lines will still be preserved with a view to security in case of invasion or annoyance by guerrillas or other outlaws; but permits and passes are no longer necessary, and the well-disposed people of the country will be allowed to go and come at pleasure, except, for the present, between the hours of 9 p. m. and sunrise.

Supplies for the people of the country will be declared contraband of war by the proclamation of the President, dated April 29th, 1865.

Products of the country will be allowed to pass without hindrance.

II. The commanding General District of Vicksburg, will immediately cause the 66th U. S. colored infantry to take post at the river; six companies being placed at the east end of the bridge, and four companies at the west end.

III. The following garrisons are designated for the protection of the people, and of public and private property, against jayhawkers and other evil doers. The organizations named will be immediately relieved from their present duties, and held in readiness to march for those points at short notice:

JACKSON, MISS.—Fifty eighth Ohio infantry (veteran battalion).

Seventh Ohio battery, light artillery, (serving as infantry).

Second battalion 4th U. S. (colored) artillery (heavy), (Major Hissong commanding.)

GALLATIN, MISS.—Col. Geo. W. Jackson, commanding 4th Missouri cavalry (veteran battalion).

BROOKHAVEN, MISS.—Eighth New Hampshire infantry (veteran battalion). The commanding General, District of Natchez, will designate another regiment of infantry, also, for this post, and will assign a discreet officer to command.

IV. All persons, not belonging to the military service of the United States, are advised and enjoined to return to and remain quietly at their homes, following their peaceable avocations. All guerrillas or unauthorized persons remaining in arms are warned that they are outlawed, and will be dealt with summarily, and without mercy; and well disposed persons are expected to unite with the troops in their efforts to bring them to a speedy and severe punishment.

Well grounded complaints from the people, in case of injury, will be welcomed and treated with kindness and attention.

By order of Maj. Gen. N. J. T. DANA.

FREDERICK SPEED,

Asst. Adj't. Gen'l.